



Material Safety Data Sheet

United Phosphorus, Inc.

NFPA	PPE	

Issued Date 19-Jun-2007

Revision Date

Revision Number: 0

12U-125 - Surflan AS Specialty

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

UPI
630 Freedom Business Center
Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406

Emergency Telephone Number
Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 (24hrs) or (703) 527-3887
Medical: Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center
(866) 767-5089 (24hrs)

Company Information
UPI

Contact Information
Customer Service
R&D Technical Service

Phone Number
1-800-438-6071
610-878-6100

Available Hrs
8:00 am to 5:00 pm EST
8:00 am - 5:00 pm (EST)

Product Name Surflan AS Specialty
EPA Reg # 70506-44
Recommended Use herbicide
Product Code 12U-125

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

May cause eye and skin irritation
Prolonged skin contact may cause local redness. May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals.
May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

CAUTION

Appearance Opaque, Orange.

Physical State Liquid.

Odor Slight. Aromatic.

Potential Health Effects

- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Repeated or long term exposure may cause adverse effects on the liver or thyroid.
- Propylene glycol symptoms may include central nervous system depression, headache, dizziness, drowsiness and loss of coordination.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients Name

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	OSHA PEL
Oryzalin	19044-88-3	40.9	N/A
Glycerin	56-81-5	<30	5 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction. 10 mg/m ³ Total dust.
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	<40	N/A

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Skin Contact Take off contaminated clothing. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician

Inhalation Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Ingestion Call a physician or Poison Control Centre immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.

Notes to Physician No information available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Explosive Properties

Flash Point > 93°C > 200°F
Autoignition Temperature Not applicable

Flammability Limits in Air Not available

Extngushing Media Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment

Fire/Explosion Hazard This material will become a fire hazard only when a sufficient amount of water has evaporated. At that point, the material will exhibit the flammability characteristics of propylene glycol and oryzalin. The explosive potential of oryzalin as an airborne dust is rated severe. The minimum ignition temperature for a dust cloud is 714 F (379 C).

Hazardous Combustion Products Oxides of nitrogen, Can emit toxic fumes under fire conditions.

NFPA Health 1 Flammability 1 Instability 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions	Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits..
Methods for Clean-up	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Keep out of reach of children. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear personal protective equipment.
Storage	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Glycerin	10 mg/m ³ Mist.	5 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction. 10 mg/m ³ Total dust.

Engineering Controls	Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation is preferred. Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems. .
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Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection

Where there is potential for eye contact have eye flushing equipment available.. Use eye protection to avoid eye contact. .

Skin Protection

Wear protective gloves/clothing.

Respiratory Protection

Where airborne exposure is likely, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces need for face shield and/or chemical goggles. If exposures cannot be kept at a minimum with engineering controls, consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR 1910.134. .

General Hygiene Considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Opaque Orange	Odor	Slight Aromatic
Physical State	Liquid	pH	approx.5.9
Boiling Point/Range	Not available	Melting Point/Range	Not available
Specific Gravity	1.138 to 1.239 @ 25 C	Solubility	Miscible
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Vapor Pressure	Not available
Vapor Density	Not available	VOC Content	Not available
Viscosity	Not available	Molecular Weight	No data available
Bulk Density	No data available	Percent Solids	Not available
Percent Volatiles	Not available		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions If water mixture evaporates the resultant mixture should be handled with care as the explosive potential of oryzalin as an airborne dust is rated severe.
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Conditions to Avoid	Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible Materials	No materials to be especially mentioned.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Toxic gases and fumes may be formed if product is involved in fire. . Oxides of nitrogen.
Possibility of Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Component Information

Oryzalin -

In animals has been shown to cause liver, kidney, bladder, spleen, and/or blood effects. Repeated excessive exposure to crystalline silica may affect lung function and cause silicosis, a progressive and disabling disease of the lungs. Some evidence suggests that kidney effects may also result from excessive exposure.

Propylene glycol:

Single exposure studies indicate that this material is practically non-toxic if swallowed (rat LD50 21,000 mg/kg) or absorbed through skin (rabbit LD50 20,800 mg.kg) and slightly irritating to rabbit eyes and skin.

This material is widely used in antifreeze, hydraulic fluids, pharmaceutical solvents, food and cosmetics. Workplace experience has shown this material to have low acute and systemic toxicity. Human patch tests indicate that repeated contact causes mild irritation. Although there have been some reports of skin sensitization, studies with large groups of humans and use in topical medical applications suggest that these are likely irritant rather than sensitization responses.

Repeated administration in the diet or through drinking water to rats and dogs showed essentially no adverse effects other than slight liver toxicity. Similar studies in cats showed increase in Heinz body formation in the red blood cells without anemia. Long-term oral studies in rats, dogs, and cats have shown no evidence of carcinogenic or target organ effects other than increased red blood cell turnover. Long-term inhalation exposure in monkeys showed no adverse effects. Developmental toxicity studies in mice, rats, rabbits and hamsters showed no increased birth defects or other adverse effects on the fetus. Mice and cats had no adverse effects on reproductive ability or development and survival of offspring. No genetic changes were observed in tests using bacteria, animal cells, or animals.

Glycerin:

No skin allergy was observed in guinea pigs or humans following repeated exposure. Oral administration in clinical use has caused nausea and vomiting. Repeated or long-term oral exposure produced no adverse effects in rats. No adverse effects on fertility or birth defects were observed in rats or their offspring following oral exposure before and during pregnancy. Generally, no genetic changes were observed in tests using bacteria or animal cells.

Single exposure studies indicate that this material is practically non-toxic if swallowed (rat LD50 12,600- 27,200 mg/kg) or absorbed through skin (rabbit LD50 >10,000 mg/kg), no more than slightly toxic if inhaled (rat 1 hr LC50 >0.57 mg/l), and slightly irritating to rabbit eyes and skin.

Chronic Toxicity

Thyroid follicular cell tumors observed in rats were considered a secondary response

Carcinogenicity caused by mechanisms not relevant to humans. Benign skin and adnexal tumors observed in rats may also have been secondary to thyroid effects. In vitro and animal mutagenicity studies on oryzalin and propylene glycol werew negative..

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Oryzalin -

Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF <100 or low Pow <3)

Degradation is expected in the soil environment within days to weeks.

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in most sensitive species).

Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 is between 501 and 2000 mg/kg.

Acute oral LD50 in bobwhite (*Colinus virginianus*) is 1046 mg/kg.

Acute oral LD50 in honeybee (*Apis mellifera*) is >100 ug.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If the wastes cannot be disposed of by use or according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. . Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. Do not apply directly to wetlands or water..

Contaminated Packaging

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Not regulated

ICAO Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG/IMO Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Oryzalin

EINECS/ELINCS Listed

KECL Listed

Glycerin

DSL Listed

EINECS/ELINCS Listed

ENCS Listed

CHINA Listed

KECL Listed

Propylene Glycol

DSL Listed

EINECS/ELINCS Listed

ENCS Listed

CHINA Listed

KECL Listed

USA

Federal Regulations

SARA 313

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Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Oryzalin	19044-88-3	40.9

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Chronic Health Hazard	No
Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	HAPS data	VOC Chemicals	Class 1 Ozone Depletors	Class 2 Ozone Depletors
Glycerin	56-81-5	<30		Listed.		
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	<40		Listed.		

CERCLA

RCRA

Pesticide Information

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

State Right-to-Know

Chemical Name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Glycerin	Listed.		Listed.	Listed.	Listed.
Propylene Glycol			Listed.		Listed.

International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Not available

Chemical Name	Category	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Glycerin			10 mg/m ³ Mist.

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

Not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date

Revision Summary

Add to new MSDS system

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End of MSDS